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mors and Salt Rheum. Women,

Goat, Neuritis, as a Dinner Pill and Purifying the

Blood are the most congenial purgative yet per-

fected. A cure is sure by using Renne's Magic Oil.

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The Daily Freeman.

VOL. 3.-NO. 18.

CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT,) FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 637.

THE SOUL OF THE VIOLIN.

[CONCLUDED.]

But, when he was alone with his wife in their shady garden, he played for hours with content and pleasure, until her pale and exhausted face would warn him to stop. That it pleased her was only too true, for she found that her keenest happiness was in listening to him. So subtle became their understanding of each other that the music answered for words, and all the love that lovers find so hard to speak was sung by the violin to her. One day she told him that if she were dying she thought it would be hard for her to choose whether she would rather have his arms around her, or have him feel her spirit with his music. "But sometimes I think," she added with the playfulness that daily became more rare, "that if I were to lay my ear to your violin, it would breathe again to me all it has in these happy days told me! So, perhaps, dear, you might, after speaking our farewell through it, lay it by me, and as I rested on your heart, it would tell me what your lips would then refuse to say."

Julius smiled quietly, as he always did at the tender little fancies of his wife, but as he turned to look at her a few moments after she left the room, he was struck by the extreme fragility of her appearance. He hardly dared confess it to himself that she was weak or sick, but after this he could not help seeing that day by day she grew more quiet, cared less to walk or visit, and was more reluctant to see strangers, more eager to hear the violin, and so kept him by her.

But others had noticed the change before her husband had, and finally, some one who knew them best, spoke of it, and told him that she needed medical aid. Her old physician was sent for, and he indeed startled Julius when he said that medicine alone could do but little for her, and that it was more than probable that nothing could save her life but chance. She had no disease he said, but as sensitive people sometimes do, she was fading for want of vitality. Her life, he thought, was too intervened, and so he advised her husband to take her from home, and let her find in new scenes new life and strength. This was a hard verdict to both Julius and Lisa; their little, quiet home, had become very dear to them; but while she had to desire to die, Julius was animated by a fierce intuition of saving her; and so they left America at once and started for Europe.

But new places and strange faces seemed to have but little power over Lisa. She never complained, but grew weaker day by day, until their journey became shorter, their stoppages longer. But nothing interfered with their pleasure in the violin. It was, Lisa said, her best tonic, her only restorative; and when fatigued and worn out by a journey, she asked for nothing but a lounge to lie upon, and the violin to soothe her. Thus Julius played to her constantly, and their route through Europe might have been traced by tones of music. Everywhere the artist and his delicate wife were noticed, while everywhere people would noisily gather round their window and to their door, to listen to the magic tones of this violin, that seemed to articulate the tenderness and love of the player.

But, as they drew near Italy, Lisa began to fail very rapidly, while Julius' trouble found expression in the most passionate and vehement music. He rarely talked to her, but when he was not holding her in his arms, he played to her. When they reached Venice she asked for a long rest, and they found rooms in a lovely palace on the Grand canal. The continued and marvellous strain of the violin soon caught the attention of the Venetians, and through the long summer nights the gondolas floated quietly by, as the occupants silently listened to the music in the dimly-lighted rooms, where Lisa lay on her lounge.

Julius could not conceal from himself the knowledge that the end was now growing very near. But it was the one inevitable thing he could not accept, and he spent frantic hours battling with his grief.

None of the physicians gave him any hope, although they all hesitated in declaring that she suffered from active disease. She must have quiet and whatever she wanted, they all said. It was very easy to obey them, for all she asked was her husband and his violin; so now, as her nights became more disturbed, and it was difficult for her to sleep, the violin was heard long past midnight, and a celebrated Berceuse, credited to a Venetian composer, was caught, it is said, by him as he lay in his gondola under the window.

But, at last, the music ceased. One August night, when the air was quiet, but fresh and pure, a few gondolas lay at rest by the palace, from which the most tender and heart-breaking music was escaping. The listeners held their breath, the young girls trembled, and the gondolas were motionless. Suddenly the sharp twang of a broken string was heard, a faint cry rent the air, and, simultaneously, the gondolas were turned, and they fled swiftly away, leaving Lisa alone with her dead.

When Julius, years after this, appeared in public, it was said that he not only unnaturally aged, but that his music had changed. Years and study, they said, had given a passionate pathos to the very tones of his violin, as well as an inspiration to his music, that was unknown to other artists.

But whether this was true or not, whenever he played, it was impossible for some of his hearers to remain unmoved. Young girls drew closer to their lovers, and some of them half fancied that a woman's voice was speaking from the music, breathing the little tender, self-sacrificing fancies never known here. And there a man who had been faithful to some woman who was dead—But Julius had but few of these in his audiences—was seen to start and look around as if he heard a familiar voice calling to him. Sometimes Julius heard of these fancies, but he took no heed of them, and when he was told how his music affected others by arousing what was best in them, he faintly smiled, but made no reply.

He never alluded to the past, and never spoke of Lisa, but it was noticed that he was rarely separated from his violin. He never played on but the one, and never allowed any one else to touch it. It lay within reach of his hand at night, and among the many stories that were told of his infatuation about it, was the one that he had left his fortune to a charity, upon the condition that his violin should be buried with him.—*Appleton's Journal.*

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—A man out West brings that all the furniture and flooring of his house is made of live oak, but his wife, who does the hard work of the house, says it is nothing but scrub oak.

—A South Bend (Ind.) tobacco dealer was notified by some medical students to call and get his wooden Indian, which they had stolen for purposes of dissection.

BREVITIES.

—A justice of the peace at Kansas City puts it: "Now let the gaudy damned jade wince."

—It is said that John B. Gough has lectured in Boston 369 times.

—A Kentucky apple tree has just yielded its eighteenth crop. It was an unprecedented horse thief.

—Sally Jones, of Macoupin county, Ill., supports a blind father and seven children by ploughing prairie.

—A Chinaman took the first premium on butter at the recent fair at Seattle, Washington Territory.

—A Western woman complains that since her husband joined the Patrons of Husbandry, he has seen nothing but wilted oats.

—Sealskin will be as fashionable next winter as ever. The sealskin mink is almost square in shape, and lined with blue silk.

—A man in Paris, Kentucky, has invented a wheel barrow which a man can sit down on and wheel.

—A farmer in Marion county, Oregon, has this season raised 950 bushels of oats from eight and one-fourth acres of land.

—Professor Newbury says that the water of most of our streams is even more palatable and wholesome than that taken from the wells.

—The mother-in-law of a Griffin, Ga., man has been arrested for flogging him.

—One result of the panic has proved that if the rich are often envied there is often good luck sometimes in being independently poor.

—A Cincinnati man bought his wife 2,000 papers of pins the other day. He said he'd stop her jawing about pins if it took his house and lot.

—The Louisville Courier-Journal concludes the only way to reform violent women is to shoot bad men.

—An Italian father and daughter are fighting in the courts of St. Louis over \$10,000, the proceeds of twenty years street begging in the large American cities.

—Daniel Webster has been hanged from a tree in Alabama for stealing a mule.

—Islam is an ungallant country. There the first wife may be divorced, and after that every wife may be sold for cash or traded for a yellow dog.

—The yellow fever has no terror for book agents. Two of that class arrived at St. Louis the other day and began to canvass among the nurses for subscriptions to a comic book.

—A society for the suppression of the sale of obscene literature has been started in Calcutta by missionaries and natives.

—Edwin D. Brandon,

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plaint, Dropsy, Tetters, Tumors and Salt
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the Blood, are the most congenial and yet per-
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the various disorders of the system, and they in-
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our best citizens, send certificates of cures per-
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But, as they drew near Italy, Lisa began to fail very rapidly, while Julius' trouble found expression in the most passionate and vehement music. He rarely talked to her, when he was not holding her in his arms, he played to her. When they reached Venice she asked for a long rest, and they found rooms in a lonely palace on the Grand Canal.

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MEATS OF ALL KINDS
in the city. Everything in the meat line, fresh and correct.

LUIS MELLEIT.

FOR SALE.
AN ELEGANT BUILDING LOT,

Situated on the corner of Hunter and West Basing Street, formerly occupied by the German Lutheran Church, recently burned. The lot is very centrally located. It will be sold in one or several parcels. Also, the very fine

BRICK PARSONAGE,
which is one of the best constructed buildings in the city. It is of two stories, with good basement and cellar, with rooms. The lot is extra large, and is located on the northeast corner of Hunter and Basing streets.

No more desirable property than this has been offered for many years.

Apply to any of the following Trustees: George L. Wilmeyer, George Drantz, Jacob Freilich, John M. Meyer, Wm. Seltz, Wm. Thomas, Y. Allen.

Thompson's Business College,
18 AND 20 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.

Bookkeeping, Writing, English Branches and Languages, Instruction day and evening; terms low; Ladies department separate. Telegraphy taught to men, women, boys and girls practically; a great degree of operator and writer.

AGENTS WANTED
FOR THE
CENTENNIAL GAZETTEER
OF THE UNITED STATES:

Showing the gigantic results of the
FIRST 100 YEARS OF THE REPUBLIC.
A book everybody wants. Sent for eleven, Ad-
dress, ZIEGLER & MOURDY, 618 Arch Street,
Philadelphia, Pa. 02994

AT
ALBERT RICH,
303 6th Ave., Cor. 19th St., N. Y.

Great Hats!! Prices Way Down!!
French Hat Hats, \$1.15.
Silk Velvet Hats, \$2.50.
Black Velvet Hats, 75c.
Black Plumes from 50c up.
Novelties in Flowers, Ornaments, &c.
Hats trimmed to order.

Large assortment in Dress Trimmings. The Largest Stock of Hosiery and Underwear on the Avenue, at greatly reduced prices. In Gent's Furnish-
ing Goods we call special attention to our White
Shirts from \$1.00 up. White Shirts made to order.
A perfect fit warranted. 02994

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE

AND
INSURANCE AGENCY,
LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE.

STOW & BENSON,

Representing the following First-
Class and Popular Insur-
ance Companies,WITH COMBINED CAPITAL AND AS-
SETS OF OVER

\$46,972,000.

LIVERPOOL, London and Globe.
ROYAL, Liverpool.INSURANCE CO. of North
America, Philadelphia.PENNSYLVANIA FIRE, Phila-
delphia.

HOME FIRE, New York.

COMMERCE, New York.

WESTCHESTER, New York.

MERCHANTS, " "
LOHILLARD, " "
ATLANTIC, " "
NIAGARA, " "
REPUBLIC, " "
EXCHANGE, " "
MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' MARINE, N. Y.

HOME LIFE, New York.

All of which Adjust Losses Fairly and Pay Promptly.

DANIEL B. STOW,
ANTHONY BENSON.FURNITURE.
B. P. DECKER & BRO.,
DIVISION STREET.ON THE LINE OF THE RONDOUT AND
KINGSTON R. R.

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

FURNITURE,
UPHOLSTERY,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
&c., &c., &c.ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS
REPRESENTEDAND AS LOW AS CAN BE SOLD AT ANY
STORE IN THE CITY FOR CASH.Thankful for past favors we ask a continuance of
the same.BABY CARRIAGES,
THE STRONGEST AND BEST.HOBBY HORSES,
TOY WAGONS AND CARTS.THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT AT THE
CHEAPEST VARIETY STORE IN
THE CITY.BEST CHEWING & SMOKING
TOBACCO & SEGARS.S. SIMON,
ABEEL ST., NEAR WASHINGTON HALL.

DENTISTRY.

DR. V. SHERWOOD
Has removed his dental establishment from his
old stand in Garden Street toThe Newkirk Building,
DIVISION STREET.Nearly opposite the Mansion House, over Andrew
Dunn's extensive Watch and Jewelry Store.BRINKERHOFF HOUSE,
WOODSTOCK, ULSTER CO., N. Y.

H. S. VAN ETEN, MANAGER.

This popular summer resort is situated near the
foot of Overlook Mountain, in a section unsurpassed
for mountain views, fine drives, and general
healthfulness. The house has beenNEWLY FURNISHED
And fitted up in first-class style. WARM MEALS
will be furnished at all times of the day for guests
on their way to the Mountain House, and for travelers
generally.ANDS COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.
A Christian School for both sexes.
SPRING TERM OPENS TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1873Beautiful location, commodious buildings, full
and efficient faculty, instruction thorough. Terms
moderate. Address,
REV. R. C. CHEWELL, President,
Andes, Del. Co., N. Y.NEW GOODS
JUST RECEIVED AT
ISADORE FORST'S.

Abeel St., near Washington Hall.

You will find there a good assortment of all kinds of
Goods, a full line ofLadies' and Gents' Furnishing
Goods, Hosiery & Notions.
ALSO
WHITE AND FANCY SHIRTS.
Always on hand; also made to order at the very
shortest notice. Always on hand a large
stock of theVERY BEST COMFORTERS.
Please give me a call and be assured.

ISADORE FORST.

LEWIS I. PATCHIN,
MILL ST., RONDOUT, N. Y.LIVERY STABLE,
Good Horses and Rigs of every de-
scription constantly on hand.TWO HOUSES AND LOT FOR
SALE.—The property occupied by me on Bone
street, Rondout, N. Y. For price, &c., apply to the
subscriber. WM. WINTER. 02994

GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENCY.

REAL ESTATE

FIRE, MARINE & LIFE INSURANCE.

Risks taken on all kinds of Prop-
erty in first-class Companies.

River & Canal Navigation

Risks on Hulls and
Cargoes.LIFE INSURANCE ON MOST
FAVORABLE TERMS.OFFICE NEWKIRK BUILDING, 2d floor,
DIVISION ST., RONDOUT.

GEORGE NORTH, Jr., Agent.

HARDWARE!
To Builders, Farmers & Others!

If you want bargains call and examine the stock of

A. DODGE,
Garden St., Rondout, N. Y.

Great Inducements to Buyers!

Hardware, IRON, STEEL,
Nails, Spikes, Builders' Hardware, Carpenters',
Blacksmiths', Wagon-Makers' and
Coopers' Tools.Axes, Springs, Horse-Shoe Nails,
Nail-Rods, Wagon Woodwork, such as
Spokes, Felloes, Hubs, Shafts, Poles, &c.,
Balls, Screws, Axle-Clips, Felloe-Plates, Thin-
ble-Screws, and a general assortment of

Shelf Hardware.

Plated Forks, Spoons, &c., Table
and Pocket Cutlery.

Axes, Knives, etc., &c.

Always on hand the cheapest and best Clothes
Washers in use—COLBY'S—the Ladies' Favorite.FARMERS' ATTENTION!
Agricultural Implements of all kinds, Shovels,
Spades, Forks, &c., of every description.CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS will obtain Great
Benefits in buying what they want in their line at
Dodge's, Rondout.

Rondout, April 1, 1873. A. DODGE.

STOVE POLISH & VARNISH.

BENJAMIN FRIES,
MANUFACTURES THE
BEST ARTICLE OF STOVE
POLISH IN THE MARKET.THE
HOME STOVE POLISH
AND VARNISHGIVES A NEAT POLISH WITH LESS LA-
BOR THAN ANY OTHER.IT WILL MAKE YOUR STOVES LOOK
LIKE MIRRORS.FOR SALE BY
JAMES MURPHY,
DIVISION STREET, RONDOUT.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,
The Prospect Hill Farm.The subscriber being desirous of retiring from
active life as a cultivator of the soil, would offer
for sale his farm on which he now resides, situated
in the city of Kingston, about ten minutes walk
from the Post Office, containing forty five acres of
choice land. This place is beautifully situated,
presenting the finest view of the mountains and
surrounding country in the city. On this farm
there are a large number of sites for buildings, com-
mending themselves to the eye. This property,
lying as it does in close proximity to the central
part of the city, must necessarily soon be in strong
demand for the erection of private residences,
and cannot be offered at a better price than at this
time. This is a valuable opportunity to acquire
a desirable summer residence, and to secure a prop-
erty of great value. For particulars apply to
Kingston City, May 19th, 1873.

ABRAHAM M. PELLIS.

RONDOUT SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICERS:
THOMAS CORNELL, PRESIDENT.
S. D. COYKENDALL, VICE PRESIDENT.
A. BENSON, SECRETARY.TRUSTEES:
Thomas Cornell, S. D. Coykendall,
James G. Lindsay, William Kelly,
Frederick Schuchman, John Denenbach,
M. J. Mulden, Frederick Stephan,
Edward Tompkins, Nathaniel Routh,
Thomas Murray, Wm. Lawton,
And A. Crosby.Place of business on the Second Floor of Masonic
Hall Building.
SIX PER CENT INTEREST, THREE DOLLAR GOV-
ERNMENT U.S. paid on all sums from \$5 to \$5,000.INTEREST ON DEPOSITS will commence on the
first day of each month.Business hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and
on Tuesday evenings 6 to 9 P. M.WANTED—Agents for the fastest
selling article out. VALUABLE SAMPLES
FREE. J. BRIDE, 700 Broadway, N. Y. 02994

NEW LUMBER & COAL YARD.

D. C. OVERBAUGH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LUMBER & COAL DEALER.Yard and Office on Union Ave., at the junction of the N. Y. & S. R. R.,
and W. V. R. R.PINE
Boards, Plank, Flooring, Ceiling, Shaving, Bass
Boards, Fickets and Siding of every variety always
on hand.SPRUCE
Flooring, Ceiling, Sheathing, Plank Boards and
Clap Boards.HEMLOCK
Boards, Joists, Wall Strips, Plank and Timber of
any size and length.SHINGLES
Of Pine, Cedar, Hemlock, and Spruce, and all other
Covered Cemented Shingle.LATH & PICKETS.
All of which are being sold at Ten Per Cent
Lower than any other dealer.

COAL! COAL!!

To Coal customers I would say that I am prepared to fill with promptness all orders presented and de-
liver the same to any part of the city, by the single or hundred tons. My Coal shall be well screened and
3,000 pounds guaranteed to the ton.DEALERS ON THE LINE OF RAILROADS
Wishing Coal or Lumber

Kingston, Friday Morning, November 7.

Won't the law authorities institute an inquiry as to whether the spirit of Jim Fisk has not got the position of pilot on at least one of the Erie ferry boats? The Jay Gould and the Pavonia collided on Wednesday afternoon, and other boats of the same line have been smashing each other before. We think it more than likely that the ghost of the deceased Prince, disgusted with the meagre result of the trial of his murderer, and dissatisfied with the Watson management of Erie, has taken to mismanaging rodders.

Mac Mahon's address to the French Assembly puts the situation in that country in two words when he says the government lacks vitality and efficiency. As a republic it lacks unity, as a pseudo-monarchy it lacks authority. The old fact is pressing its way forward for recognition more strongly with every movement in France, that a form of government may be a temporary expedient, but the spirit of a government is the growth of years, and not to be readily changed. France has suffered enough from wild and purposeless revolutions and is as far from the humble, reverent, sacrificial spirit in which alone true freedom is rooted as she was in 1792. The sappers and miners in that country have pretty much overthrown the old, but the moulders and formers of inward character have not made any people ready for the new order of things. We shall interestingly watch developments there as she huddles trembling between two possibilities—anarchy and despotism.

An Inquisitive and Dissatisfied Organ.

The New York Times since the election has concluded to speak its mind. After admitting that the Republican administration and party is under a cloud, it condenses its opinions in the following questions:

1. Do you think that it is wise to put up all sorts of candidates for office, and trust to the party papers to pull them through? Would it not be a much more honorable course to select a few men of high character, and let the party papers do the rest? John A. King, F. W. Tuley, Hamilton Fish, Jr., and others? Do not expect the Times, and the Buffalo Commercial, and Albany Journal, and other papers, to be able to carry through men they cannot do it, and will not try.

2. Do you think that it is wise to leave the management of the party in New York city in the hands of three hands, and that every body belonging to the State Library—3,000 volumes in number—has been stolen. Everybody was so busy getting divorced that nobody missed the books till after the last of them was fledged away.

The indications are that this will be a poor year for lecturers in New York and the larger cities. The best lecturers draw but small houses there, and as the effect of the money stringency becomes more generally felt the falling-off will probably be still greater. Considerable, however, it is likely that the effect will be as great, for the gloomy feeling prevailing largely communities is not so generally prevalent among smaller ones. Besides, a lecture course has become a necessity in all thriving towns, and no one thinks the money stringency for them paid out for useless luxuries.

pet, a watch, or a ticket for the circus might have done it; but when the question touches anything so unassailable by these blandishments as a female musquito, we give it up. The other half of the difficulty must have been easier to overcome. Having conceded the female musquito to make the sounds it naturally follows that the antennae of the male would vibrate sympathetically to it. It's just so with all orders of beings, and only proves that the musquito is something more than a nocturnal nuisance; he has sentiments. The Professor has also found out that the musquito, especially the midnight sapper, has a "highly nervous organization." Not only is the true of him, but he has the power, and he communicates to men, even to the extent of making them jump out of bed at the witching hour and curse and slap like mad. We congratulate Professor Mayer upon what we are certain must be a rich scientific revelation. There is only one thing for which we should have been additionally grateful to him: that is for smothering the central molecule from which musquitos come and ridding us altogether of their music and their bite.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The Brooklyn Argus claims that the reform triumph there was due almost entirely to its efforts.

—An ill wind, etc. Coal is affected by the panic and will have to tumble, and the prospect is that before the winter is half gone it will be lower than before for several years.

—The Graphic is trying to inflate Commodore Vanderbilt. But what's the use? He couldn't carry Lake Shore, and it's not likely he'd go up with the whole Graphic crowd.

—Boss Tweed has developed a new plan for conducting trials. He proposes to illustrate the old saying of "Turn about's fair play" by first trying the accused, and then the accusers.

The question of an elected or appointed judiciary has been decided in favor of election. The vote was a very tight one, showing that people paid but little attention to it. It was an important question and should not have been overlooked or hastily decided.

—Now that Weatherizer is to be annexed to New York the metropolis may claim the title of "city of magnificent distances." It is to be hoped with this immense addition to her area the city's government may be proportionately improved.

—A very curious statement comes from Indiana. It is that every book belonging to the State Library—3,000 volumes in number—has been stolen. Everybody was so busy getting divorced that nobody missed the books till after the last of them was fledged away.

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A grocer in Quincy, Illinois, has donated the city of Quincy one dozen bad eggs, to be used in keeping lectures beyond the city limits.

A western woman complains that since her husband joined the Patrons of Husbandry, he has sown nothing but wild oats.

—Ball Run was a farm when the famous first battle was fought, but now it is a village of three hundred inhabitants.

—A Kansas highwayman, who didn't find any greenbacks in a farmer's wallet, made the farmer eat his dust, and then left him on the meanness of going about "strapped."

—The "oldest Mason in America," who died in Wisconsin the last time, has been removed to Terre Haute, where he is now living at the age of 104.

—Enslaved of the metropolis, a jury at Booneville, Mo., has convicted a young man who took up a rock and dashed out the brains of another Boonevillian of homelike, and the judge has fined him \$100 and sent him to the county jail for sixty days. It was lucky for that man that he didn't steal an \$18 horse.

—The following epigram was made when Dr. Goodenough, Bishop of Paris, was one day appointed to preach before the House of Peers:

"Be well enough that Goodenough Before the Lords should preach; For sure enough they're an enough He undertakes to preach."

—The Paper Trade Reporter considers that a return to specie payments would be a direct gain to American paper-makers of 12 per cent. upon every transaction in the purchase of foreign supplies, and also says that, as a matter of record, "the price of paper in the country follows only the laws of supply and demand, wholly irrespective of the supply of gold."

—The Dutch are heavily interested in American railroads, and in proportion to its population probably as heavily as America itself, for with a population of only 3,500,000 people they have nearly \$160,000,000 of different shares and bonds, besides large amounts of United States bonds, state bonds and other American securities.

—At a dinner party the other day, the Minister from Holland being asked, by a hand some young lady if he could tell what the difference was between a one and a fool, he answered: "One is a fool because of the creeds of the ecclesiastical dark ages. We struggle against a good deal and are temporarily defeated only in gaining the social and political heights to which we are entitled, and the power of ultimate success is in us, and, therefore, we have at our disposal what Bryant calls 'The eternal years of God.'"

—Important Discovery. We make all the haste possible to inform the readers of The Freeman of an important discovery made by Professor Mayer of Hoboken. This discovery is destined to revolutionize our ideas of the familiar insect to which it relates, and to increase our respect for it, and its relations in history which the present to our long time cannot possibly reproduce it is a successful tyranny over the conscience and liberties of the majority by the few. That thing is dead, gentlemen; dead as a door nail, dead as a coffin nail, dead as the bones of Nero or the creeds of the ecclesiastical dark ages. We struggle against a good deal and are temporarily defeated only in gaining the social and political heights to which we are entitled, and the power of ultimate success is in us, and, therefore, we have at our disposal what Bryant calls "The eternal years of God."

—Gall Hamilton, writing of Biblical men, remarks: "We should say that Enoch was far the more agreeable, interesting and gifted person, and that Jacob with his six wives and his mean-spirited willingness to work seven years longer for the man who had cheated him out of one wife and into another, was not a man to be held in esteem of gods or men or women."

—The Civil Rights Bill was put in operation last night at the opera. In a conspicuous seat sat an elegantly dressed negro, accompanied by a white man. This was not known until this was a Lieutenant-Governor or Senator from the Sunny South, or some person of the same ilk, who, in the presence of the opera, had been brought to the opera.

—The Shah of Persia, getting tired of clapping off so many heads, has abolished the Grand Vizier, and hereafter will take the reins of government in his own hands. In consequence of the onerous duties which will thus devolve upon him, he is reported to be engaged in reducing the size of his harem considerably, and Persian womanhood is accordingly in great distress.

—The Dublin Evening Post, when the correspondence between the Pope and Emperor William reached that city, greeted it in the following fashion: "This correspondence is on the face of it as impudent and ridiculous a fabrication as ever yet got ventilation through the press. The whole correspondence is a hoax, under which, however, the crafty scribe succeeds to bring down ridicule upon a cause which he does not really, and to propagate falsehoods with a silly, execrable purpose of creating a sensation for the guidance at home and abroad."

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO THE DAILY FREEMAN.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Tichborne Case.
LONDON, Nov. 6.—Mr. Hawkins to-day applied to the Queen's bench for an extension of time for further hearing in the case of the Tichborne claimant until November, 1874. The application was granted.

A Premature Report.
LONDON, Nov. 7.—6 A. M.—The French Ministry has not resigned. The special dispatch to the Times of yesterday announcing the resignation was premature.

CANADA.

A Bold Bank Robbery.
MONTREAL, Nov. 6.—The Ville Marie Bank was victimized to the extent of \$10,000 this morning. Two well-dressed men entered the bank shortly after its opening and while one of the thieves drew the clerk's attention the other seized a package containing the above amount and both escaped.

GERMANY.

Germany and Our Centennial.
BERLIN, Nov. 6.—Prince Bismarck, as Chancellor of the Empire, has laid before the Federal Council the invitation of the United States government to Germany to participate in the Centennial celebration in Philadelphia, with the recommendation that it be accepted. It is probable that the Reichstag will soon be dissolved and elections for a new one ordered to be held in the last week of December.

FRANCE.

Buffer Re-Elected President of the Assembly.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The Assembly to-day by a unanimous vote re-elected Buffet as its President, the entire Left rising as the vote was announced.

—The Assembly admitted an interpellation on the failure of the government to order elections to fill vacancies in the Assembly within the time prescribed by law. Thursday next was assigned for debate on the interpellation. The Left have been given a majority in six of the fifteen bureaux. A new motion for a plebiscite on the form of government is to be introduced and will be supported by many Republicans.

CUBA.

Rejoicing Over the Capture of the Virginius.

HAVANA, Nov. 6.—The public rejoicings last night over the capture of the steamer Virginius were most enthusiastic. The Governor's Palace, all the public buildings and many private houses were illuminated. Torchlight processions passed through the principal streets, which were thronged with flags and tapestry. Serenades were given to the Captain General and the General of Marine. There will be a grand parade to-night of all the battalions of volunteers.

Official dispatches from the Central Department report that the insurgents under command of Vincente Garcia recently made a determined effort to break through Trocha, but met with a severe repulse at the hands of the Cuban troops, losing 100 killed.

MEXICO.

Sentence of Centre.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—In the Oyer and Terminer Court to-day Judge Davis sentenced Judge D. Centre, the eighth juror in the Stokes case, to thirty days imprisonment and a fine of \$250 for contempt of court in talking too freely of the case while the trial was in progress.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Chamber of Commerce held its regular monthly meeting this afternoon. A number of tabular statements showing the amounts of different products of the United States and the necessity of increased facilities for their transportation were presented by Mr. Saml. Ruggles. He said he had spent considerable time in their preparation and hoped that the question would receive due consideration from the Chamber. The tables were ordered to be printed and copies transmitted to the Senatorial Committee on Transportation. A paper on the late financial crisis and the present stringency was presented by A. A. Low. In the present situation and what may follow, the Chamber was respectfully asked to Congress when it next convenes, if need be, to cause the purchase of United States bonds to be stopped and the application of the gold reserve to the redemption of treasury notes, reserving the power of re-issue.

THE TWEED JURY.

Three juries were examined after recess in the Tweed case and rejected. A fourth was under examination when the Court adjourned and no jury has yet been secured to sit on the trial. Counsel say the case will last at least three weeks.

A SECOND DEFT.

Dr. Betts, convicted of sending obscene matter through the mails and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary, made an unsuccessful attempt to escape from Ludlow street jail in woman's clothes.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT IN THE SCHOOLS.

The Committee on Teachers of Public Schools have submitted to the Board of Education a long report in favor of the restoration of corporal punishment in the schools, which will be acted upon at the next meeting of the Board.

DEPUTY OFFICIALS TO BE TRIED.

The Kings County Board of Supervisors this afternoon adopted a resolution ordering the District Attorney to institute proceedings against Sheriff Whitwell and ex-Sheriff Walters and Campbell for all sums of money paid to them for turnkeys' fees and board of prisoners in excess of \$42,000 in any single year during their term of office.

RAILROAD TROUBLE.

The South Side Railroad of Long Island was taken possession of to-day by the trustees, removing the Rev. Mr. Shepard from his position as manager. The road has a debt of three millions.

THE FERRY COLLISION.

The investigation of the collision between the two Erie Railroad ferry-boats before the local inspectors of steamboats was concluded to-day. The decision was not announced.

TAMMANY CHARGING THE POLICE WITH FRAUD.

A crowded meeting of the Tammany organization was held to-night. All the prominent lights of the party were present to consider the reports of the committee to watch the conduct of the election. Col. Edwards, from the committee appointed to watch frauds at police headquarters, in a lengthy speech detailed how the returns from over two Senatorial districts, especially that in which Judge Ledwith was running, had been tampered with by the police, the delivery of returns having been systematically kept back and orders having been issued about eleven o'clock at night to police captains to prevent the delivery of Associated Press returns to Associate Press reporters, lest these latter returns might interfere with the changing of figures on police returns. It was charged the action of the police in this matter was inspired by Commissioner Charlack, and a resolution was adopted expelling him from membership in the Tammany society.

DEATH OF LAURA KEENE.

Laura Keene, the well-known actress, died in New Jersey to-day at an advanced age.

THE MONEY STRINGENCY.

Mills Stopped at Manayunk.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Ten mills of various kinds in Manayunk have suspended operations entirely. They usually employ 1,750 hands. A mill employing 500 hands is running on half time and others on three-quarter time. Gen. Patterson's mill, employing 500 hands, is running on full time, but at a reduction of 15 per cent. in wages. The paper mills are all running on full time and will continue so until navigation closes.

TENNESSEE RAILROAD TROUBLES.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 6.—The employees of the Knoxville & Ohio R. R. having struck against a reduction of wages the Company has temporarily stopped the running of all trains. Representatives of twenty southern railroads met at Chattanooga to-day and unanimously adopted resolutions affirming the justice of any reasonable reduction of wages by companies, recognizing the right of any employee to refuse to work at the wages offered, concluding in the strongest terms as unjustifiable and indefensible all combinations for the purpose of resisting the rightful authority of any company by interfering with or attempting to intimidate or injure others willing to work at the wages offered, pledging each other in no case to employ any one discharged on account of insubordination or combination to stop operations on any road. The directors of all concerned are asked to inform each other by printed circular of all such combinations, with the names of parties engaged. All railroad companies in the United States are invited to cooperate.

THE CENTENNIAL BUILDING.

Change of Plan.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—In consequence of their expenseless none of the plans for the centennial building were adopted, but Collins & Attenmuth of Philadelphia were selected to prepare plans for a cheaper building and one which can be erected within the required time.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Bursting of a Grindstone.

LEWISTON, Me., Nov. 6.—This morning a grindstone in the scythe factory of H. Hall & Co., East Wilton, burst, killing Oramandel Cheney and fatally wounding Gilbert L. Hoad, Superintendent of the works.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

NEW YORK MARKET.

GRAIN.—Wheat and rye, Nov. 6. Receipts 14,000 bushels. Market steady. Flour, Nov. 6. Receipts 10,000 barrels. Market steady. Corn, Nov. 6. Receipts 10,000 bushels. Market steady. Cotton, Nov. 6. Receipts 10,000 bales. Market steady.

PROVISIONS.—Pork quiet. Receipts none. Beef quiet. Receipts none. Butter quiet. Receipts none. Sugar quiet. Receipts none.

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The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Friday Morning, November 7.

Correspondents will please direct their letters to Kingston Post Office, N. Y.

The office of THE FREEMAN can be found on 3rd street, in the law office of Mr. D. Van Vleet, where our agents can be found at any time. All business of the paper will be attended to there at the general office.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CITY NOTES.

The lame ducks up town limp badly.

High water at Rondout Light House today at 3 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

Gracious! and now the female hoodlums have taken to playing the clappers.

Minutemen should turn out in large numbers to-night.

Yesterday 38 canal boats laden with 7,365 tons of coal reached tide water at Edgewater through the Delaware & Hudson canal.

Unless they consult the new railroad timetable many people who start on a journey will be likely to get left.

The colored citizens of this city are petitioning our city fathers to give them a dro engine.

The song "Down in a Coal Mine" has been revived up town and meets with some success.

If any person desires to purchase a full blooded Alderney cow, they had better first call, let them come to our Local for information.

A veteran observer says that a little baby is an easy thing to love, but a big baby is a hard thing to love, especially if you have married her—or him.

The pay of all the employees of the N. Y. & K. & R. Railroad Company has been reduced twelve per cent. The order took effect on Nov. 1st.

The book sale every evening in the Decker building, lately occupied by John McCasland, is the best opportunity ever offered in this city to buy all sorts of good books at very low prices. Those who desire to replenish their libraries can do no where near so well as to attend these sales.

That clock Andrew Dunn furnished The Freeman establishment with is an authority in the land. Heaps of servant girls in crisp calico, looking so flushed and pretty, ring in noon time, and beaming on our local society.

Ask, "Please tell me what time it is?" And the Local is as glad to see them as he is to see his coffee in the morning—and that's awful glad.

The road horses up town are fast losing their old coats and come out from under the clipping machine of Hornbeck looking as neat and handsome as a woman with a new bonnet.

These horses actually seem to be proud of their good looks. When they are brought to the clipping stable they look down-hearted, loquacious and lazy, but the moment the old coat has been taken off the animal shows so much life the drivers have to exert their muscles to hold them. It is certainly a great improvement and if the animal is properly cared for can do no injury.

Later returns from Rochester give John D. Winfield a majority of 236 in the town. This increases Winfield's majority to 72.

In Greene county Westbrooks gets 540 majority. Mr. Westbrooks has a dispatch from Troy that Householder will give Kenyon not more than 200. These changes would increase Westbrooks' majority in the district to about 3,000.

Dr. Smith and his bride returned from their wedding tour on Thursday afternoon, and the doctor put the harness on immediately, hardly having time to receive the congratulations of his friends.

Captain Abraham Van Woert, who has been suffering severely with an attack of rheumatism since the Daniel Drew laid up, is, we are glad to learn, able to take a daily walk out of doors.

On Friday evening next the young people belonging to the St. John's parish up town will give an entertainment consisting of tableaux, interspersed with singing by the glee club of Annandale, for the purpose of raising funds for the Sabbath School. This entertainment will be given in the Court House, and as this church is a free one, entirely supported by free will offerings, and as the programme is a good one, there should be a large attendance.

A Francis in Jail—Great Excitement Up town.

Some of the prisoners in jail pitched into one of their number, a Dutchman, Thursday evening about six o'clock, and the Dutchman ran to the window and yelled "Murder!" "Fire!" with all his might and main. Some boys on the street took up the cry, hallooing fire, but leaving the murder out. In a few minutes the firemen caught the alarm; the bells were rung and the men rushed to the engine houses. Each engine and hose carriage ran a different way, some to a block or two, and then being unable to find the fire went back under full sail to their quarters. For a time there was lots of excitement, but it being very near supper time it was quickly allayed.

There were two chaps on Wall street Wednesday night trying with long-winded speeches to sell the people a powder that in some miraculous way would prevent kerosene from exploding. Said one of these chaps in a shivering voice, Thompson he said his name was, "Come right this way, gentlemen, here's the great secret, here's the powder that they say I stole, and do evil things, and I can't steal your money if I yer buy a box of this mir-a-cu-lous powder—only 50 cents!" Strange to say the people didn't buy. Perhaps it was the sad state of the money market since election, but they didn't buy, and after being most frozen in the night air packed up their boxes and left in disgust.

A Novel Church.

Whoever has traveled on the road leading from Marlborough to Olney has no doubt noticed a quaint-looking structure with steep, antique roof, that much resembles a Scotch Kirk. This building is made of blue-stone taken from quarries in the neighborhood, and was erected by a Scotch gentleman by the name of Stuart, who has a summer residence in the place. He brings with him a clergyman during his stay in the summer months, who officiates in this chapel. Within the building it is quaint and old as the world, and the backs of the seats are of no high nothing can be seen of the occupants but their heads, and if the person is short, perhaps only the top of his cranium is shown to the preacher. Of course the women have but little chance to reason of the peculiar structure of the seats is to preclude as much as possible all worldly thoughts from the minds of the congregation. The pulpit is modeled in a style similar to that of the seats, and is so high the speaker's head just protrudes above it. A few Sundays ago a preacher who is not above the ordinary height delivered a sermon in this chapel, and when he stood behind the desk the congregation could only just see the crown of his head.

Who delivered an extra fine sentence he stood in his tip-toes, and thus managed to build it, as it were, at the congregation over the rampart, but the most of the sermon was delivered toward the ceiling, from whence it dropped down on the audience.

ALONG THE RIVER.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher offers his country seat near Peekskill for sale.

The Molders' Union of Troy have donated \$200 for the relief of the Memphis sufferers.

The Troy Polytechnic Institute has now 187 students, the largest number it has ever catalogued.

The members of the Albany police force have heartily and generously responded to the call for relief from their Memphis brethren.

The wages of the men employed in the Rondout & Saratoga Railroad shops on Green Island have been reduced ten per cent, and their time reduced to nine hours per day.

The Canal Collector at Whitehall received for tolls last month \$10,571.80. The receipts through the Custom House from Canada were 4,770,000 feet of lumber, 268 tons of hay and 45 tons of spartan.

Martin Kewick, aged twelve years, while standing on the Troy & Boston car at the freight yard, Troy, Monday evening, fell. The wheels passed over his right leg, rendering it necessary to amputate the limb above the knee. He resides at the corner of Duane street and Van Avenue. The accident appears to have been caused by the gross carelessness of the lad, and not a particle of blame can be laid to the railroad.

Monday morning, about 8 o'clock, an accident occurred at the Bessemer Steel Works, Albany, in which Charles Osmer and Augustus Bach were severely injured. About a ton of molten metal had been poured into the receiving vessel, when, it is supposed, a little moisture in it was converted into steam, which propelled the entire mass of liquid out of the vessel with great force. Henry Dorling, who was standing within a foot of the huge dish, escaped with only a few holes burned in his pants. But Osmer and Bach, standing a few feet farther off, were terribly burned about the upper part of their bodies. Osmer's clothing was set on fire, and the flames were with considerable difficulty extinguished. It is thought he will not be able to return to his work for at least two weeks.

Tuesday afternoon as C. L. Mac Arthur, collector of the Troy Board, was leaving the polls he was accosted by a drunken Democratic Alderman, named Timothy Shaughnessy, who demanded money of him. Mr. Mac Arthur replied that he had no money for him, when the Alderman struck him. Mr. Mac Arthur then "retired in good order." Some time after the infuriated Alderman met Mr. Mac Arthur, looking so flushed and pretty, ring in noon time, and beaming on our local society.

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Nominations by the People.

A meeting was held on Wednesday evening, Nov. 5th, in the office of Mr. Josiah Dubois, Jr., for the purpose of organizing a Young Men's Democratic Club.

The object of the Association is to put into practice a caucus system by which the people can select their candidates. The following outline of the system proposed exhibits the general characteristics of the plan:

First.—On the second Monday of August, of each year, an election by ballot or vote-cast shall be held, between the hours of 4 A. M. and 9 P. M., in each Supervisor's district, to elect one person in each of said districts as a member of the County Convention.

Second.—The County Convention so elected shall, between the first and second Monday of September, openly ballot for the names of candidates for each office to be voted for that year, the three persons receiving the highest number of votes on the same ballot to be presented as fit candidates for the respective offices to the Jeffersonian-Democratic electors of the County.

Third.—An election shall be held on the second Tuesday of October, between 4 P. M. and 8 P. M., in each Supervisor's district, and town, to vote upon the candidates presented by the County Committee, and the persons receiving the largest number of votes of the people will be presented to the electors, for the respective offices, shall be the nominees for those offices to be supported by the Democratic party at the general election.

After nominations are made to the County Convention shall act as a County Committee.

Primary meetings in every particular shall be conducted with the same formality as general elections. The same plan will be applied to other officers.

It is claimed that "by placing the power into the hands of those farthest removed from official patronage and who feel interested only in good government—the American electors," the accountability of the candidates to the people is desired to be organized, and the influence and restrictions good order and a full expression of the public mind will be secured.

It is probable that the principle of the plan will first be applied to the elections in the Young Men's Associations. In four wards there is a sufficient number of members to organize associations, and it is desired to organize them nearly together in the Eastern District, the nucleus having been formed at the meeting Wednesday evening.

The meeting was called to order by the nomination of Mr. Robert M. Murphy as Chairman and Mr. P. H. McGivney, Jr., as Secretary. After a discussion of the plan it was voted to meet with preliminary and caucus approval, and a temporary organization was effected until organizations were formed in the remaining wards. The Chairman and Secretary of the meeting were clothed with the usual power of presidents and secretaries of clubs, and Messrs. J. B. Barry, Patrick Mooney and John M. Carlos were appointed as executive committee. D. C. McMillan was appointed as organizer.

On motion of Mr. Muldoon the following declaration of purposes and principles was read, adopted and ordered to be published:

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

With confidence in the intelligence and patriotism of the masses, we demand that they select their representatives to the Legislature. We proclaim that the selection of officials can be better entrusted to the honest masses than to designing and selfish leaders, who aim to subvert their own interests at the expense of the community; we deny the right of one or twenty men to send to conventions delegates secretly pledged to candidates unknown to the honest and money-wise of a thousand of a party; and we insist that there is no obligation resting upon any one to support any candidate whose selection he deems an equal and peaceful right of participation. We claim that this is sound Democratic doctrine, and any system which permits the few to control the many is a mockery and establishes an aristocracy.

We declare that a citizen of this Republic is a sovereign, is capable of exercising his sovereignty, and is complete possession of his rights and we insist that the right of selecting their officials is one guaranteed by the constitutions of the State and nation, and we arraign any agency which denies this exercise as arbitrary and tyrannical.

We proclaim that this is a government by the people and for the people—and any system which permits a candidate to nominate and elect himself by corrupt and deceitful means attacks the first principle of Republican government.

We protest against the caucus system as a standing temptation to young men to become corrupt, leaving them no alternative but the use of disgraceful means or an entire exclusion from the participation in office, and we declare from experience that there can be no hope for real reform while a system exists, which permits a candidate to nominate and elect himself by corrupt and deceitful means attacks the first principle of Republican government.

We declare our purpose to put into operation a system which permits the people to select their own candidates; which renders candidates responsible only to the voters, and which leaves them from all obligation to become the tools or the bidding of any man or set of men. We hold that the success of Republican government rests upon the responsibility or accountability of officials to the people, and we hold that through the medium of the caucus system this responsibility is transferred from the people to the corrupt politicians, to whose designing art candidates are indebted for nominations.

We invite all good citizens, irrespective of party, while retaining their distinctive party organizations, to unite with us in our endeavors to erect in the place of the present disgraceful system one which permits an examination of the merits of candidates before they are nominated, instead of after—and at a time when the honest convictions of the people are unfurled by appeals to party fidelity, and when their choice can extend to thousands and is not limited to the choice of two, whose corrupt and professional arts and acies at the primaries render a selection between them a choice of evils—and we insist that the demand of the people that candidates shall stand up to the burning fire of corruption in the caucus system and not be singled, is unreasonable—and it is equally unreasonable to expect men who look upon offices as rewards and prizes as a trade or a low service to be honest in the performance of the duties of official trust.

Believing that the caucus system is meant for and is admirably adapted to permeate the control of rings, we are opposed to further attempts to destroy one ring and leave unscathed the system whose very looseness is an invitation extended to other rings to enter, and proclaim it as our sincere conviction that ring rule will never be stopped until the destruction of this system, and the establishment of one which by permitting the selection of candidates by the disinterested masses, and not the intrigues of professional classes, closes the door to all rings.

We believe further that under the proposed system the nomination of unfit men would doom them to certain defeat, and thus it would be the interest of each political party as well as the interest of all who desire good government, to secure the nomination of the best men, and to the interest of the time arrive to call our elections, we ask all Democrats to participate therein, and all Republicans who prefer good government to the success of party—if they prefer to deny to them the right we offer and ask of ours. And we declare that parties and candidates who rely for success upon bribery and other improper means rather than upon their merits and principles, deserve defeat at the hands of the people. In short, we believe that the present system makes dishonesty profitable, whereas the new one would render profitable in public men the practices of honesty.

Pointing to a county debt of \$3,000,000 as a heritage of Ring rule, being perpetrated by a particularly fine class of men, we declare that no young man of character, no poor man, and no strictly honest man can secure office honestly—unless in answer to some loud demand, while this system exists—and we declare that these considerations and the frequent visits of the tax-gatherer of Rings, the rent collector, must persuade all that ours is the cause of the honest and poor alike—and that no young man of character and no poor man, and no strictly honest man can secure office honestly—unless in answer to some loud demand, while this system exists—and we declare that these considerations and the frequent visits of the tax-gatherer of Rings, the rent collector, must persuade all that ours is the cause of the honest and poor alike—and that no young man of character and no poor man, and no strictly honest man can secure office honestly—unless in answer to some loud demand, while this system 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